What is claimed is:

1. A flash memory device comprising:

a memory array having erasable blocks of memory cells, each block of memory cells being arranged in a row and column configuration, wherein each column of memory cells is couplable to an associated bit line;

control circuitry to control memory operations to the memory array;

a verify sense amplifier to verify a program state of the memory cells, the verify sense amplifier is coupled to a first location of the bit lines;

a read sense amplifier to read a program state of the memory cells, the read sense amplifier is coupled to a second location of the bit lines; and

a switch to selectively couple either the verify sense amplifier or the read sense amplifier to an output circuit.

- 2. The flash memory device of claim 1 wherein the flash memory is a synchronous flash memory.
- 3. The flash memory device of claim 1 wherein the verify sense amplifier and the read sense amplifier have adjustable sensitivity.
- 4. The flash memory device of claim 1 wherein the read sense amplifier comprises transistors with a gate oxide of approximately 200 Å and the read sense amplifier comprises transistors with a gate oxide of approximately 70 Å.
- 5. A flash memory comprising:
 - an array of memory cells;
 - a first read path having a first read circuit;
 - a second read path having a second read circuit; and
- switch circuitry to select the first or second read circuits and couple to external data connections.

- 6. The flash memory of claim 5 wherein the second read circuit comprises a verify circuit used during erase and program operations.
- 7. The flash memory of claim 5 wherein the first read circuit comprises a read circuit used during read operations.
- 8. The flash memory of claim 5 wherein the second read circuit comprises an adjustable verify sense amplifier circuit.
- 9. The flash memory of claim 5 wherein the first read circuit comprises an adjustable read sense amplifier circuit.
- 10. The flash memory of claim 5 wherein the switch circuitry is activated during a test operation to allow calibration testing between the first and second read circuits.
- 11. A system comprising:
 - a memory test circuit; and
 - flash memory coupled to the memory test circuit comprising,
 - an array of memory cells,
 - a first read path having a first read circuit,
 - a second read path having a second read circuit, and
 - switch circuitry to select the first or second read circuits and couple to the memory test circuit via external data connections.
- 12. The system of claim 11 wherein the memory test circuit determines offset between the first and second read circuits.
- 13. The system of claim 12 wherein the flash memory comprises a control circuit to adjust either the first or second read circuits in response to the memory test circuit.

14. A method of calibrating a non-volatile memory comprising:

reading a data state of a plurality of memory cells with a first sense amplifier;

reading the data state of the plurality of memory cells with a second sense

amplifier;

comparing outputs of the first and second sense amplifiers to determine offsets between the first and second sense amplifiers; and

adjusting either the first or second sense amplifier to calibrate the first and second sense amplifiers.

- 15. The method of claim 14 wherein the 5 wherein the first sense amplifier is used during erase and program operations.
- 16. The method of claim 14 wherein the second sense amplifier is used during read operations.
- 17. The method of claim 14 wherein the non-volatile memory is a flash memory.
- 18. The method of claim 14 wherein comparing the outputs of the first and second sense amplifiers is performed by an external test circuit.
- 19. The method of claim 14 wherein adjusting either the first or second sense amplifier comprises changing a voltage sensitivity of the sense amplifier.
- 20. A method of calibrating a flash memory comprising: storing a test pattern in the flash memory; reading the test pattern with a first read circuit; reading the test pattern with a second read circuit; outputting the read test pattern from the first and second read circuit to an external connection;

using an external tester, determining if an offset exits between the first and second read circuits; and

adjusting either the first or second read circuit if an offset id determined.